FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

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STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 SCHOOL BOARD AND ADMINISTRATION JUNE 30, 2019

SCHOOL BOARD

	TERM ON BOARD	
NAME	EXPIRES	BOARD POSITION
Sandra Olmsted	June 2020	Chair/Community
Mursal Abdulrazzaq	June 2022	Treasurer/Community
Deborah Bartlett	June 2020	Secretary/Teacher
Abdirahman Hassan	June 2020	Member/Community
Amina Mohamud	June 2021	Member/Community
Ahmed Rahima	June 2020	Member/Parent

ADMINISTRATION

Mustafa Ibrahim Executive Director

Mahmood Afey Financial Management

School Offices: Charter School No. 4200

STEP Academy Charter School

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors STEP Academy Charter School Charter School No. 4200 St. Paul. Minnesota

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of STEP Academy Charter School as of and for the year ended June 30,2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise STEP Academy Charter School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of STEP Academy Charter School, as of June 30,2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison of the General Fund and Food Service Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited STEP Academy Charter School's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund in our report dated December 11, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which is has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and pension information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise STEP Academy Charter School's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table is presented as supplemental information as required by the Minnesota Department of Education and is also not part of the basic financial statements.

The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated December 11,2019, on my consideration of STEP Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering STEP Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chuck Rinkey, Ital.

CHUCK RINKEY, LTD.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 11,2019



The discussion and analysis of STEP Academy Charter School's financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school financial performance as a whole. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the School's annual financial report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Entity-wide total assets were valued at \$1,850,500 including capital assets, net of depreciation of \$256,941. Pension deferred outflows were \$3,946,865. Total liabilities of \$2,751,630 were composed of \$434,171 of current liabilities and \$2,317,459 of long-term liabilities. Pension deferred inflows were \$3,212,321.
- At June 30, 2019, STEP Academy's General Fund showed an unassigned fund balance of \$1,137,774, an increase of 122,538 from FY 2018.
- The School's overall net position increased by 702,339.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are *School-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the School's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School, reporting the School's operations in *more detail* than the School-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

School-Wide Statements

The School-wide statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the School's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the School's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the School's assets deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows—is one way to measure the School's financial health or *position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the School requires consideration of additional non-financial factors such as changes in the School's student population and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices STEP Academy uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. STEP Academy has established funds within the guidelines of the State's Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS).

STEP Academy maintains the following type of fund:

Governmental Funds – Most of the School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance STEP Academy's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

Financial Analysis of the School as a Whole

Table A-1 is a summarized view of the School's Statement of net position

	Government					
	2019	2018	Percentage Change			
Current and Other Assets						
Current Assets	\$ 1,593,559	\$ 1,443,663	10%			
Capital Assets	256,941	234,338	10%			
Total assets	1,850,500	1,678,001	10%			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,946,865	2,666,573	48%			
Current Liabilities	434,081	391,145	11%			
Net Pension Liability	2,317,549	4,118,326	-44%			
Total Liabilities	2,751,630	4,509,471	-39%			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,212,321	704,028	356%			
Net investment in capital assets	256,941	234,338	10%			
Unrestricted	(423,527)	(1,103,263)	-62%			
Total net position	\$ (166,586)	\$ (868,925)	<u>-</u> 81%			

Table A-2 is a condensed version of STEP Academy's Change in Net Position:

The School's total revenues were \$6,134,230 for the year ended June 30, 2019. See Figure A-3 for a detailed breakdown of revenue sources.

Table A-2

<u>Changes in Net Position from Operating Results</u>

<u>For Governmental Activities</u>

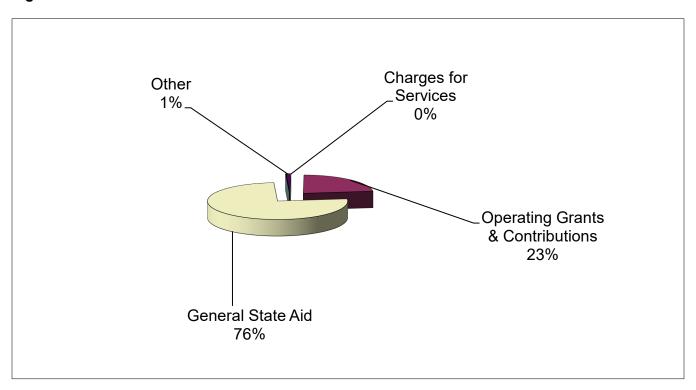
Revenues:	Actual <u>2019</u>	Actual <u>2018</u>	Percentage Change
Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions General State Aid Investment Earnings Other	\$ 9,668 \$ 1,410,203 4,663,267 1,963 49,129	4,854 1,469,877 4,171,544 1,285 6,935	99% -4% 12% 53% 608%
Total Revenue	 6,134,230	5,654,495	. 8%
Expenses: Administration District Support Services Regular Instruction Special Education Instructional Support Services Pupil Support Services Sites, Buildings and Equipment Fiscal and other fixed cost programs Food Service	192,804 392,708 1,959,375 403,418 254,099 841,903 1,049,439 17,147 320,998	199,827 214,564 3,081,752 333,214 360,111 609,526 890,280 16,110 275,948	-4% 83% -36% 21% -29% 38% 18% 6%
Total Expense	5,431,891	5,981,332	-9%
Change in Net Position	\$ 702,339 \$	(326,837)	
Beginning Net Position	 (868,925)	(542,088)	-
Ending Net Position	\$ (166,586) \$	(868,925)	:

The total cost of all programs and services was \$5,431,891. At 2019 fiscal year-end, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$702,339.

Revenue (Table A-2 and Figure A-3)

- For FY2019 STEP Academy received \$6,134,230 in revenue 76% in General Education Aid and 3% in program operating grants and contributions.
- Total Revenue for FY2019 increased by \$479,735 over the prior year.

Figure A-3 Sources of School's Revenue for Fiscal Year 2019



Expenses (Table A-2 and Figure A-4)

- For FY2019, the school's total expenses were \$5,431,891. Regular instructional services represent 36% of the total expenditures. This includes costs teaching staff, textbooks, instructional supplies and education equipment. Sites, Building and Equipment represent 19% of the total expenditures. This includes the lease and maintenance of the building. STEP Academy's administration and support expenses account for 11% of expenditures. These costs included school administrative services provided by start-up personnel, staff development services and planning, and curriculum development. Pupil Support Services accounts for 16% of the total expenditures this included the cost of transportation for the students. Instruction support service represents 5% of the total expenditures. This includes costs for textbooks, instructional professional stipends and instructional supplies. The remaining 6% of expenditures pertains to food service.
- Expenditures for FY2019 increased \$549,441 over the prior year. This increase was mainly salaries and benefits to serve additional students.

Figure A-4 School Expenses for Fiscal Year 2019

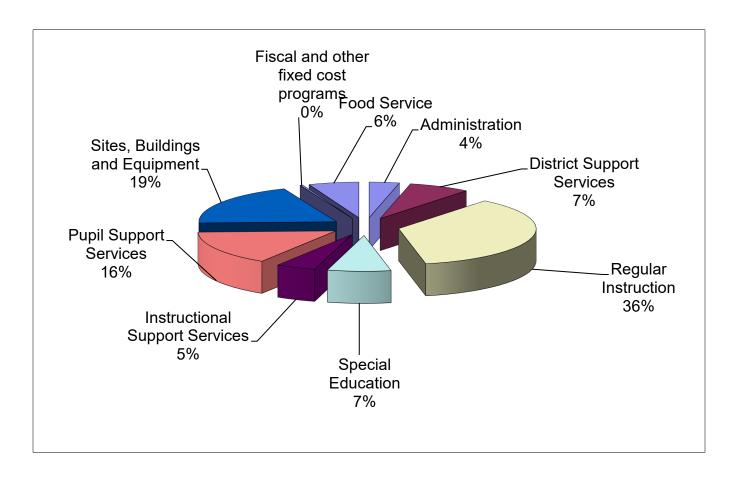


Table A-3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2019	Total Cost of Services 2018	Percentage Change	Net Cost of Services 2019	Net Cost of Services 2018
Administration	\$ 192,804	\$ 199,827	-4%	\$ 192,804	\$ 199,827
District Support Services	392,708	214,564	83%	392,708	\$ 214,564
Regular instruction	1,959,375	3,081,752	-36%	1,727,040	2,622,834
Special education	403,418	333,214	21%	172,536	188,247
Instructional Support Services	254,099	360,111	-29%	254,099	360,111
Pupil Support Services	841,903	609,526	38%	553,728	335,304
Sites, Buildings and Equipment	1,049,439	890,280	18%	380,960	293,656
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	17,147	16,110	6%	17,147	16,110
Food Service	320,998	275,948	16%	320,998	275,948
Total	\$ 5,431,891	\$ 5,981,332	-9%	\$4,012,020	\$ 4,506,601

Budgetary Comparison:

The school adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. It is the School's practice to amend the General Fund budget during the year for known significant changes in circumstances such as: updated enrollment estimates, legislation changes, new or additional funding, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, adjustments to health insurance premiums, special education tuition changes, or utility rate changes.

The revised budget for the general fund was approved expecting revenues to exceed expenditures by \$113,910. In FY2019 revenues in the general fund were lower than anticipated, by \$160,767. Expenditures were lower than anticipated, by \$186,550.

Fund Balances:

General Fund (Fund 01) currently has a balance of \$1,159,388. The Food Service Fund (fund 02) has a balance of \$0. Schools typically utilize their fund balance for funding short-term operations. A fund balance is advantageous to the school district as it decreases the need for short-term borrowing activity and minimizes interest expense.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets consisted of:

Table A-4
The School's Capital Assets

			Percentage
	2019	2018	Change
Equipment	\$247,490	\$191,257	77%
Leasehold Improvements	98,571	98,571	100%
	(89,120)	(55,490)	62%
Total	\$256,941	\$234,338	91%

Long-Term Liabilities

The liability for pension benefits payable relates to the new accounting standards which required the School to recognize its estimated share of the unfunded statewide pension plans for school employees.

Table A-5
The School's Long-Term Liabilities

	2019	2018	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,317,459	\$	4,118,326
Long-Term Liabilities: Due in More Than One Year	\$ 2,317,459	\$	4,118,326

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the School as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. Revenues for the School's governmental funds were \$6,264,752 while total expenditures were \$6,157,882. This contributed to a combined fund balance of \$1,159,388 which is \$106,870 higher than last year's ending fund balance of \$1.052.518.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the School in providing educational services to students from K through grade 12 including activities and capital outlay projects.

A large percentage of General Fund operational revenue is controlled by a complex set of state funding formulas resulting in the local school board having no meaningful authority to determine the level of resources.

Basic general education revenue is determined by multiple complex state formulas, largely enrollment driven, and consists of a specified minimum amount with variables such as socioeconomic indicators driving additional funding. For Minnesota charter schools the majority of all funding consists of general education aid, special education aid and charter school lease aid. Other revenue consists of federal and private grant funding that is often expenditure driven.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget is approved prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The School then may revise the annual operating budget in the fall and then again mid-year. These budget amendments fall into two main categories:

- Implementing budgets for specially funded projects, which include both federal and state grants and reinstating unexpended funds being carried over from the prior fiscal year.
- Legislation passes subsequent to budget adoption, changes necessitated by employment agreements, and increases in appropriations for significant unbudgeted costs.

Actual revenues were lower than budgeted with a variance of \$160,767 or 2.6%. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted with a variance of \$186,550 or 3.1%. The majority of this is found in the area of Regular Instruction.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS

Expenditures exceeded revenues in the Food Service Fund by \$32,823. A transfer from the General Fund was necessary to cover the deficit as required by rules and regulations.

CAPITAL ASSETS

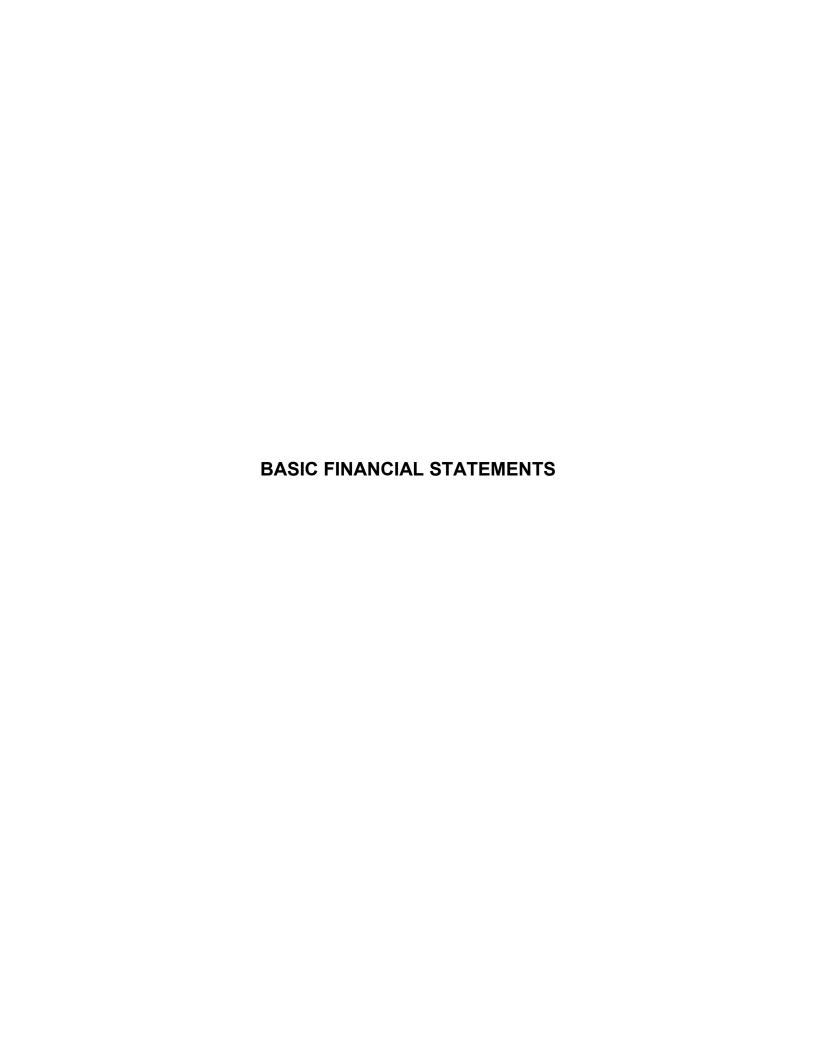
By the end of the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the School had invested \$346,061 in capital assets including leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment. More detailed information about capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$33,630.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

The School is dependent on the state of Minnesota for most of its revenue. This revenue source is mostly impacted by two variables; legislation and school enrollment. Recent experience demonstrates that legislative revenue increases have not been sufficient to meet increased costs due to inflation. It is imperative that the School's financial management continues to develop budgets with a surplus to be added to the unassigned fund balance in order to meet their fund balance policy requirements. A healthy fund balance is important to the financial stability the School.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our constituents, state oversight agencies, lenders, customers, legislative leaders, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Mustafa Ibrahim, Executive Director, 651-289-6120.



STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL **CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **JUNE 30, 2019**

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

	Governmen	ntal Activities
	2019	2018
Assets:		
Cash	\$ 430,406	\$ 350,939
Investments	150,000	150,000
Other Accounts Receivable	600	-
Due from MDE	586,770	481,979
Due from Federal Government	404,169	423,463
Prepaid Items	21,614	37,282
Capital assets, net of depreciation	256,941	234,338
Total assets	\$ 1,850,500	\$ 1,678,001
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	\$ 3,946,865	\$ 2,666,573
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 86,623	\$ 91,709
Accrued salaries	187,999	164,809
Payroll Taxes Payable	159,549	134,627
Long-Term Liability:	,	ŕ
Net Pension Liability	2,317,459	4,118,326
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,751,630	\$ 4,509,471
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	\$ 3,212,321	\$ 704,028
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 256,941	\$ 234,338
Unrestricted	(423,527)	(1,103,263)
Total Net Position	\$ (166,586)	\$ (868,925)

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

			Program Revenues				_			
			C)	•		Operating		Net (Expense	_	
		_		rges for		rants and		Changes in 1	Net I	
Functions Governmental activities:		Expenses	Se	rvices	Contributions			2019		2018
Administration	\$	192,804	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(192,804)	\$	(199,827)
District support services		392,708		-		-		(392,708)		(214,564)
Regular instruction		1,959,375		9,668		222,667		(1,727,040)		(2,622,833)
Special education instruction		403,418		-		230,882		(172,536)		(188,247)
Instructional support services		254,099		-		-		(254,099)		(360,111)
Pupil support services		841,903		-		288,175		(553,728)		(335,304)
Sites and buildings		1,049,439		-		668,479		(380,960)		(293,656)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		17,147		-		-		(17,147)		(16,110)
Food Service		320,998		-		-		(320,998)		(275,948)
Total school district	\$	5,431,891	\$	9,668	\$	1,410,203	\$	(4,012,020)	\$	(4,506,601)
	Ge	eneral reve	nues:							
		State source	es					4,663,267		4,171,544
		Other local	reven	ue				49,129		6,935
		Investment	earniı	ngs				1,963		1,285
		Total g	enera	l revenue	es			4,714,359		4,179,764
		Char	nge in	net posi	tion			702,339		(326,837)
	No	et position -	begin	ining				(868,925)		(542,088)
	No	et position -	endin	ıg			\$	(166,586)	\$	(868,925)

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

	General Fund		Food Service Fund		Govern	ment	tal Funds	
					2019		2018	
Assets:								
Cash	\$ 461,587	\$	(31,181)	\$	430,406	\$	350,939	
Investments	150,000		=		150,000		150,000	
Other Accounts Receivable	600		=		600		-	
Due from Minnes ota Department of Education	585,374		1,396		586,770		481,979	
Due from Federal Government	347,425		56,744		404,169		423,463	
Prepaid Items	21,614				21,614		37,282	
Total assets	\$ 1,566,600	\$	26,959	\$	1,593,559	\$	1,443,663	
Liabilities and fund balances:								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$ 59,664	\$	26,959	\$	86,623	\$	91,709	
Salaries Payable	187,999		=		187,999		164,809	
Other Current Liabilities	159,549				159,549		134,627	
Total Liabilities	407,212		26,959		434,171		391,145	
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable	21,614		=		21,614		37,282	
Unassigned	1,137,774				1,137,774		1,015,236	
Total Fund Balances	1,159,388				1,159,388		1,052,518	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,566,600	\$	26,959	\$	1,593,559	\$	1,443,663	

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

	2019	2018
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$1,159,388	\$ 1,052,518
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are		
not reported as assets in the funds.		
Leasehold Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	93,970	93,970
Furniture and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	162,971	140,368
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period,		
and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Net Pension Liability	(2,317,459)	(4,118,326)
Deferred outflows of resources and defered inflows of resources		
are created as a result of differences between actual and expected		
contributions and earnings on plan investments as well as changes		
in proportion and are not recognized in the governmental funds		
Deferred Inflows of Resource Related to Pensions	(3,212,321)	(704,028)
Deferred Outflows of Resource Related to Pensions	3,946,865	2,666,573
	Φ (166.500)	Φ (0.60.0 2.5)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (166,586)	\$ (868,925)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

		2019						2018
		General		Service	Total			
		Fund	Fı	ınd	G	ovt Funds		
Revenues:								
State Sources	\$	5,616,777	\$	8,757	\$	5,625,534	\$	4,886,909
Federal Sources		296,416		278,965		575,381		752,501
Local Sources		63,384		453		63,837		15,666
Total revenues		5,976,577		288,175		6,264,752		5,655,076
Expenditures:								
Administration		221,184		-		221,184		169,268
District Support Services		391,070		-		391,070		214,718
Regular Instruction		2,540,257		-		2,540,257		2,600,441
Special Education Instruction		451,170		-		451,170		296,299
Instructional Support Services		326,409		-		326,409		301,176
Pupil Support Services		838,794		-		838,794		609,331
Sites and Buildings		1,050,853		-		1,050,853		942,210
Fiscal and Other Fixed Costs		17,147		-		17,147		16,110
Food service		-		320,998		320,998		275,948
Total expenditures		5,836,884		320,998		6,157,882		5,425,501
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		139,693		(32,823)		106,870		229,575
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in				32,823		32,823		1,727
Operating transfers out		(32,823)				(32,823)		(1,727)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(32,823)		32,823		-		
Net change in fund balances		106,870		-		106,870		229,575
Fund Balances								
Fund balances - beginning		1,052,518		-		1,052,518		822,943
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,159,388	\$	-	\$	1,159,388	\$	1,052,518

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018)

	June 30,			
		2019		2018
Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	106,870	\$	229,575
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Capital outlay is reported in governmental funds as an expenditure. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Depreciation expense		56,233 (33,630)		129,277 (24,152)
Governmental funds recognize pension contributions as expenditures at the time of payment in the funds whereas the Statement of Activities factors in the differences between actuals and expected contributions and earnings or				
plan investments as well as changes in proportion. Pension expense State Aid related to Pension Expense		703,388 (130,522)		(662,118) 581
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	702,339	\$	(326,837)

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018)

	2019						2018
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Over			
		Original	Final	Amounts		(Under)	
Revenues:							
State Sources	\$	6,028,160	\$5,840,287	\$ 5,616,777	\$	(223,510)	4,880,439
Federal Sources		262,252	285,335	296,416		11,081	486,642
Other local sources		3,600	11,722	63,384		51,662	13,774
Total revenues		6,294,012	6,137,344	5,976,577		(160,767)	5,380,855
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Administration		177,463	177,463	221,184		43,721	169,268
District Support Services		248,271	381,670	391,070		9,400	214,718
Regular Instruction		3,021,443	2,943,223	2,540,257		(402,966)	2,600,441
Special Education Instruction		288,839	312,931	451,170		138,239	296,299
Instructional Support Services		296,576	296,576	326,409		29,833	301,176
Pupil Support Services		586,610	821,047	838,794		17,747	609,331
Sites, Buildings and Equipment		1,008,700	1,070,524	1,050,853		(19,671)	942,210
Fiscal and Other Fixed Costs		20,000	20,000	17,147		(2,853)	16,110
Total expenditures		5,647,902	6,023,434	5,836,884		(186,550)	5,149,553
Excess of expenditures over revenues	\$	646,110	\$ 113,910	139,693	\$	25,783	\$ 231,302
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers out				(32,823)		-	(1,727)
Net change in fund balances				106,870		-	229,575
Fund balance							
Beginning of Year				1,052,518		-	1,052,518
End of Year				\$ 1,159,388		-	\$1,282,093

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOOD SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018)

2019					2018					
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Over					
Revenues:		Original		Final	Ai	mounts		(Under)		
Local Sources										
Other	\$	2,900	\$	2,900	\$	453	\$	(2,447)	\$	1,892
State Sources	Ψ	8,200	Ψ	8,200	Ψ	8,757	Ψ	557	Ψ	6,470
Federal Sources		291,900		291,900		278,965		(12,935)		265,859
Total revenues		303,000		303,000		288,175		(14,825)		274,221
1 0 100 1 0 1100 0		202,000		202,000		200,170		(11,020)		
Expenditures:										
Current										
Food Service		308,000		308,000		320,998	\$	12,998		275,948
Capital Outlay										
Total expenditures		308,000		308,000		320,998		12,998		275,948
Excess of Expenditures over Revenues		(5,000)		(5,000)		(32,823)		(27,823)		(1,727)
Other financing sources										
Transfers in		-		_		32,823	\$	32,823		1,727
Transfers out		_		_		- -		· -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		32,823		32,823		1,727
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-		-
Fund balance										
Beginning of Year					-					
End of Year					\$				\$	



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Charter School No. 4200, also known as STEP Academy Charter School, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

STEP Academy Charter School (the School), is a nonprofit corporation that was formed June 2007, and began operating in September 2011. The School is authorized by Innovative Quality Schools and operates under a five-year charter school contract that ends June 30, 2024. The primary objective of STEP Academy Charter School is to educate students in a well-rounded STEM curriculum with a multi-disciplinary instructional approach. The governing body consisted of a board of directors composed of the five members.

The School's policy is to include in the financial statements all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the School is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the School is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no component units of the School.

Aside from its authorizer role, Innovative Quality Schools has no authority, control, power, or administrative responsibilities over STEP Academy Charter School. Therefore, the School is not considered a component unit of Innovative Quality Schools.

Extracurricular student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, school boards can elect to either control or not control extracurricular activities. The School Board has elected to control extracurricular activities; therefore, the extracurricular student activity accounts are included in the School's financial statements as part of the General Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basic Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the School.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Depreciation expense that can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Generally, the effect of material inter-fund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

1. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota Statutes and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Minnesota Statutes include state aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Other miscellaneous revenues (except investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until then. Investment earnings are recorded when earned because they are measurable and available. A six-month availability period is generally used for other fund revenue.

2. Recording of Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures are recorded as prepaid for approved disbursements or liabilities incurred in advance of the year in which the item is to be used.

Description of Funds

As required by state statute, STEP Academy Charter School operates as a nonprofit corporation under Minnesota Statutes §317A. However, state law also requires that the School comply with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards for Minnesota School Districts (UFARS) which mandates the use of a governmental fund accounting structure. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

A description of the School's funds included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the general operations and pupil transportation activities of the School, as well as the capital related activities such as maintenance of facilities and equipment purchases.

Food Service Special Revenue Fund

The Food Service Fund is used to account for the School's nutrition program offered to students. Primary revenue sources in the Food Service Fund are meal sales and state and federal aids.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund

The Community Service Fund is used to account for the services provided for prekindergarten and before and after school care programs. The main revenue source is derived from student fees as well as state aids.

E. Income Taxes

The School is classified as a tax-exempt organization, under Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and comparable sections of the Minnesota income tax statutes.

F. Budgeting

Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with GAAP. Each June, the School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for the General Fund, the Food Service, and Community Service.

Special Revenue Funds – Reported budget amounts represent the amended budget as adopted by the School Board. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level.

Procedurally, in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements, the Executive Director submits to the School Board prior to July 1, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The budget is legally enacted by School Board action. Revisions to budgeted amounts must be approved by the School Board. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Budgeting (Continued

Budgeted amounts include mid-year budget amendments that decreased revenue and expenditure budgets as follows:

	Original Budget	Amendments	Amended Budget		
Revenues					
General Funds Special Revenue Funds:	\$6,294,012	\$(156,668)	\$6,137,344		
Food Service Fund	232,183	-	232,183		
Expenditures General Funds Special Revenue Funds:	\$5,647,902	375,532	\$6,023,434		
Food Service Fund	308,000	-	308,000		

At the end of each fiscal year, if the General Fund has a net unassigned deficit fund balance, calculated in accordance with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for Minnesota schools which excludes certain restricted balances specified in Minnesota Statutes, exceeding 2.5% of expenditures, a condition referred to as "statutory operating debt" exists. That debt requires retirement through the accumulation of subsequent operating surpluses in accordance with a "special operating plan" approved by the Commissioner of the Department of Education.

G. Cash and Investments

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

H. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents amounts due from individuals, firms, and corporations for goods and services furnished by the School. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as an expense or expenditure at the time of consumption.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The School maintains a threshold level of \$500 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the School-wide financial statement but are not reported in the Fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purpose by the School, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 5 to 20 years for equipment. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life, or the remaining lease term.

K. Accrued Employee Benefits

Unpaid sick and personal leave is not accrued in any funds as these benefits, when vesting is applicable, are paid prior to year-end according to School policy.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable portions of fund balance related to prepaids, inventories, long-term receivables, and corpus on any permanent fund. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the School Board. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts in the General Fund.

In accordance with Board policy the School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The spending priority per policy for unrestricted fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

N. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School purchases commercial insurance coverage for such risks.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the School's policies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in the School-wide financial statements. Net position invested in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulation depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the School-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

P. Summarized Comparative Information

The basic financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS

The School maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the Statement of Net Position and on the balance sheet as "Cash." In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the School maintains deposits at financial institutions which are authorized by the School Board.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk and follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Authorized collateral include U.S. government treasury bills, notes, or bonds; issues of a U.S. government agency; general obligations of a state or local government rated "A" or better; revenue obligations of a state or local government rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank; and time deposits insured by a federal agency. Minnesota statutes require securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

The School's deposits in banks at June 30, 2019 in the amount of \$430,406 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by surety bonds and collateral in accordance with Minnesota statutes.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

Minnesota Statutes authorize investments for charter schools. The School has a Certificate of Deposit for \$150,000 that matures December 31, 2019, with interest at 1.25%.

The School defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. To determine fair value, the School uses a fair value hierarchy categorized into three levels based on the inputs used. Generally, the three levels are as follows:

- i. Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- ii. Level 2 Significant other observable inputs.
- iii. Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents our investments at June 30,2019, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		Gross Fair	Net Fair
Assets	Level 2	Value	Value
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Deci	reases	Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Leasehold improvements	98,571		\$	-	98,571
Furniture and equipment	191,257	56,233			247,490
Total capital assets, being depreciated	289,828	56,233	•		346,061
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Leasehold improvements	4,601	_		-	4,601
Furniture and equipment	50,889	33,630		_	84,519
Total accumulated depreciation	55,490	33,630			89,120
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$234,338	\$ 22,603	\$	-	\$256,941

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:

Administration	\$ 1,498
Regular Instruction	18,183
Special Education Instruction	1,236
Instruction Support Services	206
Pupil Support Services	169

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

The Academy participates in various pension plans, total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2018, was \$710,795. The components of pension expense are noted in the following plan summaries.

Teachers' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Teachers employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary Academies, charter Academies and certain educational institutions maintained by the state (except those teachers employed by the cities of Duluth and St. Paul, and by the University of Minnesota system) are required to be TRA members. State university, community college, and technical college teachers first employed by the Minnesota State College and Universities (MnSCU) may elect TRA coverage within one year of eligible employment. Alternatively, these teachers may elect coverage through the Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCR) administered by MnSCU.

B. Benefits Provided

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by *Minnesota Statute* and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier 1 Benefits

Tier 1	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	First ten years of service	2.2% per year
	All years after	2.7% per year
Coordinated	First ten years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2% per year
	First ten years if service years are July 1, 2006, or after	1.4% per year
	All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7% per year
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006, or after	1.9% per year

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

With these provisions:

- Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- 3% per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7% per year for coordinated members and 2.7% per year for basic members is applied. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9% per year for Coordinated members and 2.7% for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under *Minnesota Statute*. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree – no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

C. Contribution Rate

Per *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for employees and employers. Rates for each fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, June 30, 2017, and June 30, 2018, were:

	Employee	E	Imployer
Basic Coordinated	11.0% 7.5%		11.5% 7.5%
The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in TRA's CA Fiduciary Net Position" to the employer contributions used in Schedule Pension Allocations. Amounts reported in the thousands.			
Employer contributions reported in TRA's CAFR Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		\$	367,791
Deduct Employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts			810
Deduct TRA's contributions not included in allocation			(456)
Total employer contributions			368,145
Total non-employer contributions			35,588
Total contributions reported in schedule of employer and non-employer pension allocations		\$	403,733

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

C. Contribution Rate (Continued)

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability

		T 0	. •
Actus	rial	Intori	mation

Valuation date July 1, 2017 Experience study June 5, 2015

November 6, 2017 (economic assumptions)

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial assumptions

Investment rate of return 5.12%, from the single equivalent interest rate

Price inflation calculation 2.50%

Wage growth rate 2.85% for ten years and 3.25% thereafter

Projected salary increase 2.85% to 8.85% for ten years and

3.25% to 9.25% thereafter

Cost of living adjustment 2.00%

Mortality Assumption

Pre-retirement RP 2014 white collar employee table, male

rates set back six years and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses

the MP 2015 scale.

Post-retirement RP 2014 white collar annuitant table, male

rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projections uses the MP

2015 scale.

Post-disability RP 2014 disabled retiree mortality table,

without adjustment.

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	39 %	5.10 %
International stocks	19	5.30
Bonds	20	0.75
Alternative assets	20	5.90
Unallocated cash	2	0.00
Total	100 %	

The TRA actuary has determined the average of the expected remaining services lives of all members for fiscal year 2016 is six years. The "Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience", "Changes of Assumptions", and "Changes in Proportion" use the amortization period of 6 years in the schedule presented. The amortization period for "Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments" is over a period of five years as required by GASB 68.

Changes in actuarial assumptions since the 2016 valuation:

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5% but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the non-vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for ten years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.12%. This is an increase from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 4.66%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal 2017 contribution rate, contributions from Academy districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2053 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR). The long-term expected rate of return (7.5%) was applied to periods before 2053 and the Municipal Bond Index Rate of 3.56% was applied to periods on and after 2052, resulting in a SEIR of 5.12%. There was a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from the prior year measurement date (3.01%).

F. Net Pension Liability

On June 30, 2018, the Academy reported a liability of \$3,792,745 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on its contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis Academy District. The Academy's proportionate share was 0.0190% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0171% for the beginning of the year.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the Academy as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Academy were as follows:

Academy's proportionate share of net pension liability \$3,792,745

State's proportionate share of the net pension
liability associated with the Academy 365,987

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Academy recognized pension expense of \$791,551. It recognized \$7,019 as an increase to this pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

On June 30, 2018, the Academy had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 23,016	\$ 26,623
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on plan investments	-	44,605
Changes of assumptions	1,852,756	531,304
Changes in proportion	488,599	-
Contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date	127,954	
Total	\$2,492,325	\$ 602,532

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

\$127,954 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Academy contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows of resources) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ 462,434	
2020	510,843	
2021	445,873	
2022	378,723	
2023	(36,034)
Total	\$1,761,839	ļ

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.12% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower and 1 percent higher than the current rate.

	Dist	rict prop	ortionate share of	fNPL	
_	decrease (4.12%)	<u>*</u>	Current (5.12%)	<u> </u>	% increase (6.12%)
\$	5,005,692	\$	3,792,745	\$	2,770,082

The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer contributions to TRA in relation to TRA's total employer contributions including direct aid contributions from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis Academy District.

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, or by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000, or by calling (651) 296-2409 or (800) 657-3669.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

The Academy participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. PERA's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund))

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Academy other than teachers are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public services.

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7% for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.7% for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit recipients will receive a future annual increase equal to 50 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0 percent and not more than 1.5 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches Normal Retirement Age (not applicable to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors). A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

C. Contributions (Continued)

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5%, of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2018. The Academy was required to contribute 7.5% for Coordinated Plan members in fiscal year 2018. The Academy's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$44,079. The Academy's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At June 30, 2018, the Academy reported a liability of \$325,581 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The Academy's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Academy totaled \$4,108. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Academy's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Academy's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the Academy's proportion was 0.0051%, which was an increase of 0.0013% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Academy recognized pension expense of (\$80,756) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. Included in this amount, the Academy recognized \$119 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the Academy reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	10,730	\$	16,042
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		-		28,115
Changes of assumptions		40,275		32,639
Changes in proportion		79,164		24,700
Contributions to PERA subsequent to the measurement date		44,079		
Total	\$	174,248	\$	101,496

\$44,079 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Academy contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ (3,110)
2020	29,194
2021	16,410
2022	(13,821)
Total	\$ 28,673

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50 % Per year
Active member payroll growth	3.25 % Per year
Investment rate of return	7.50 %

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on RP 2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1% per year for the General Employees Plan through 2044 and then 2.5% thereafter.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2015.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	39%	5.10 %
International stocks	19%	5.30
Bonds	20%	0.75
Alternative assets	20%	5.90
Cash	2%	0.00
Total	100%	

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Discount Rates

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in *Minnesota Statutes*. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Academy's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in	
	Discount Rate			ount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	
		(6.5%)		(7.5%)	(8.5%)		
District's proportionate share of		_				_	
the PERA net pension liability	\$	505,000	\$	325,581	\$	178,693	

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the General Employees Fund's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTE 6 INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Transfers consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Reason
General	Food Service	\$ 32,823	Eliminate deficit in Food Service Fund balance

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund in which statute or budget requires the revenue be collected to the fund in which statute or budget requires the dollars be expended and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The interfund balance above is to be repaid as cash flows become available in the Food Service Fund.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Programs

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Operating Lease for Educational Space

The school leases space from Church of Sacred Heart under the terms of a lease, which began July 1, 2016 and expires June 30, 2026. Minimum rental payments for the lease term are \$38,447 per month based on current per pupil lease aid reimbursement.

For fiscal year 2019, the School qualified for state charter school lease aid of \$668,479. Annual rental payments were 769,416.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year	Total
Ended	<u>Payments</u>
30-Jun-20	\$ 521,512
30-Jun-21	\$ 539,032
30-Jun-22	\$ 555,203
30-Jun-23	\$ 571,859
30-Jun-24	\$ 589,015
Thereafter	 1,231,571
	\$ 4,008,192

Additional rent payments not included in the above minimum lease payments schedule are also included in the lease for the School's share of operating costs.

The School's ability to make payments under the lease agreement is dependent on its revenues which are, in turn, largely dependent on sufficient enrollment being served at the School and sufficient state aids per student being authorized and received from the State of Minnesota. The School believes that its enrollments and aid entitlements will be sufficient to meet the lease obligations as they become due.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

STEP Academy Charter School Schedule of Academy's Proportionate Share (if Applicable) of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years GERF Retirement Funds

For Plan's Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sh No	cademy's portionate are of the et Pension ility (Asset)	Proposition Proposition Net 1	demy's ortionate of State nnesota's rtionated e of the Pension ability	Pro Sh Ne Liz Dist of th M Sh Net	portionate are of the et Pension ability and rict's Share he State of innesota's are of the Pension of Liability	C E	cademy's Covered- Imployee Payroll	Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	0.0053%	\$	248,967	\$	-	\$	248,967	\$	280,055	88.9%	78.8%
2015	0.0043%		222,848		-		222,848		248,293	89.8%	78.2%
2016	0.0038%		308,541		3,978		312,519		234,587	131.5%	68.9%
2017	0.0051%		325,581		4,108		329,689		329,693	98.8%	75.9%
2018	0.0084%		465,998		15,329		481,327		562,960	82.8%	79.5%

Note: These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Academy's and Non-Employer Proportionate Share (if Applicable) of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years TRA Retirement Funds

For Plan's Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Academy's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Acader Proportic Share of of Minne Proportic Share o Net Per Liabil	onate State sota's onated f the asion	Pro Sh No Lia Dist of t M Sh Net	cademy's portionate pare of the et Pension ability and rict's Share he State of innesota's pare of the Pension of Liability	(cademy's Covered- Employee Payroll	Academy's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	0.0153%	\$ 705,013	\$ 49	9,668	\$	754,681	\$	700,129	100.7%	81.5%
2015	0.0158%	977,386	119	9,629		1,097,015		801,827	121.9%	76.8%
2016	0.0171%	4,078,758	409	9,044		4,487,802		890,440	458.1%	44.9%
2017	0.0190%	3,792,745	36	5,987		4,158,732		1,021,627	371.2%	51.6%
2018	0.0295%	1,851,461	17:	3,697		2,025,158		1,628,600	113.7%	78.1%

Note: These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4200 SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

STEP Academy Charter School Schedule of Academy Contributions GERF Retirement Funds Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Statutorily Required Contribution		Statutorily Required Contribution in Relation to the Contribution Contribution Statutorily Required Deficiency (Exce					Cover	cademy's red-Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee
2014	\$	20,304	\$	20,304	\$	_	\$	280,055	7.25%		
2015		18,622		18,622		-		248,293	7.50%		
2016		17,594		17,594		-		234,587	7.50%		
2017		24,727		24,727		-		329,693	7.50%		
2018		42,222		42,222		-		562,960	7.50%		
2019		49,179		49,179		-		655,720	7.50%		

Note: These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Academy Contributions TRA Retirement Funds Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	orily Required	Rela	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required		ibution y (Excess)	cademy's red-Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee
2014	\$ 49,009	\$	49,009	\$	-	\$ 700,129	7.00%
2015	60,137		60,137		-	801,827	7.50%
2016	66,783		66,783		-	890,440	7.50%
2017	76,622		76,622		-	1,021,627	7.50%
2018	122,145		122,145		-	1,628,600	7.50%
2019	148,807		148,807		-	1,930,052	7.71%

Note: These schedules are intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

TRA RETIREMENT FUND

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019, and ending July 1, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits).
 Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019.
 Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018.
 Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers was reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 6 years (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5% but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the non-vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 2.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for ten years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TRA RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The COLA was not assumed to increase for funding or the GASB calculation. It remained at 2% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes as some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back six years and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.
- Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989, were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.
- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional form of annuity payment at retirement were made.

2015 Changes

CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

THE DTRFA WAS MERGED INTO TRA ON JUNE 30, 2015.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

THE ANNUAL COLA FOR THE JUNE 30, 2015, VALUATION ASSUMED 2%. THE PRIOR
YEAR VALUATION USED 2% WITH AN INCREASE TO 2.5% COMMENCING IN 2034. THE
DISCOUNT RATE USED TO MEASURE THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY WAS 8.0%. THIS
IS A DECREASE FROM THE DISCOUNT RATE AT THE PRIOR MEASUREMENT DATE OF
8,25%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Employees Fund

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.0% to 3.0%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.0% per year with a provision to increase to 2.5% upon attainment of 90% funding ratio to 50% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0% and not more than 1.5%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches Normal Retirement Age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The CSA loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15% for vested deferred member liability and 3% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.

Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, the inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2015 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

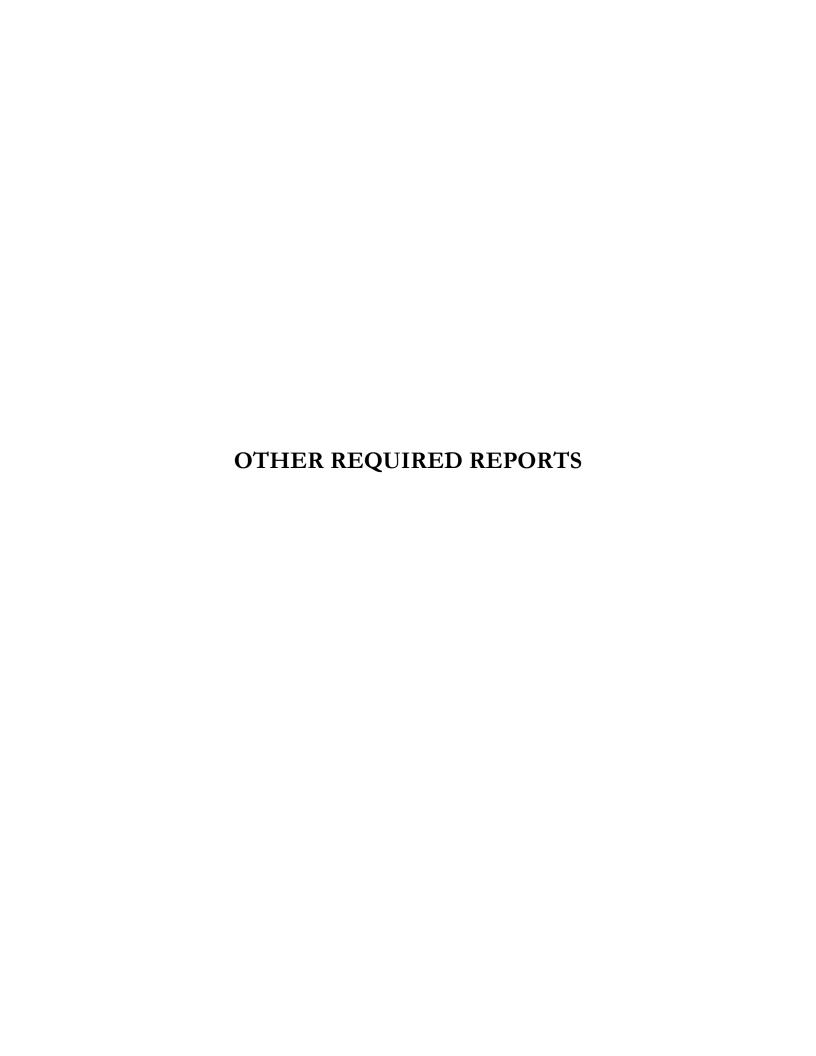
• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CONCORDIA CREATIVE LEARNING ACADEMY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES Year Ended June 30, 2007

STEP ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL UNIFORM FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS COMPLIANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Audit	ι	JFARS	ıdit -		ı	Audit	UFA	RS	Audit - UFARS
01 GENERAL FUND					02 FOOD SERVICE					
Total Revenue	\$ 3,397,640	\$3	3,397,640	\$ -	Total Revenue	\$	166,902	\$ 166	6,901	\$ -
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,406,373	\$3	3,406,373	\$ -	Total Expenditures	\$	202,446	\$ 202	2,446	\$ -
Non Spendable:					Non Spendable:					
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$ 32,351	\$	32,351	\$ -	4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted / Reserved:					Restricted / Reserved:					
4.03 Staff Development	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
4.05 Deferred Maintenance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	Restricted:					
4.06 Health and Safety	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	Unassigned:					
4.08 Cooperative Revenue	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	4.63 Unassigned Fund Balancee	\$	-	\$	-	\$-
4.09 Alternative Facility Program	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.13 Project Funded by COP	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.14 Operating Debt	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.16 Levy Reduction	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.17 Taconite Building Maint	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.23 Certain Teacher Programs	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.24 Operating Capital	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.27 Disabled Accessibility	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.28 Learning & Development	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.34 Area Learning Center	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.35 Contracted Alt. Programs	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.36 State Approved Alt. Program	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.38 Gifted & Talented	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.40 Teacher Development and	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
Evaluation										
4.41 Basic Skills Programs	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.45 Career Tech Programs	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.49 Safe School Crime - Crime Levy	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.50 Pre-Kindergarten	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.51 QZAB Payments	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.53 Unfunded Sev & Retiremt Levy	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
Restricted:										
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
Committed:										
4.18 Committed for Separation	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
4.61 Committed Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
Assigned:										
4.62 Assigned Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
Unassigned:										
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 790,592	\$	790,592	\$ -						



CHUCK RINKEY, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors STEP Academy Charter School Charter School No. 4200 St. Paul, Minnesota

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of STEP Academy Charter School, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise STEP Academy Charter School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, I considered STEP Academy Charter School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of STEP Academy Charter School's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of STEP Academy Charter School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the STEP Academy Charter School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ouch Rinkey, Ital.

CHUCK RINKEY, LTD. Minneapolis, Minnesota

December 11, 2019

CHUCK RINKEY, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

To the Board of Directors STEP Academy Charter School Charter School No. 4200 St. Paul, Minnesota

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of STEP Academy Charter School as of and for the year ended June 30,2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 11,2019.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Charter Schools*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains two categories of compliance to be tested in audits of charter schools: uniform financial accounting and reporting standards, and charter schools.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that STEP Academy Charter School failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Charter Schools*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had I performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding STEP Academy Charter School's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ouch Rinkey, Ital.

CHUCK RINKEY, LTD. Minneapolis, MN 55416

December 11, 2019